

#### 1. Product Identification

SANILABS 718-234-2900 5422 18th Avenue BROOKLYN, NY 11204

Product Code:	2538
Product Name:	Rebound
Product Use:	Laundry Sour
Emergency Phone:	CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300

### 2. Hazard Identification

NOTE: MSDS data pertains to the product as delivered in the original shipping container(s).



**GHS Labeling:** 

**GHS Classification:** 

Skin Corrosion: Category 1b
Eye Damage: Category 1
Acute Toxicity: Category 4
Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements: H318-Causes Serious Eye Damage

H314-Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H302-Harmful if swallowed.

#### GHS Precautionary Statement(s) – Prevention

P102- Keep out of reach of children

P101- If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P103- Read label before use.

P264 - Wash skin and contaminated clothing thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P234 - Keep only in original container.

P280 - Wear gloves, protective clothing, eye and face protection.

P260 - Do not breathe mist, vapors, or spray.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

#### GHS Precautionary Statement(s) – Response

IF IN EYES - Rinse cautiously with water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a physician if irritation persists.

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call poison control/physician immediately.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Contact a physician immediately if irritation persists. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing Specific treatment (see First Aid information on product label and/or Section 4 of the SDS)



# GHS Precautionary Statement(s) - Storage

Store in a secure manner.

Store in a well-ventilated place.

Keep cool.

#### GHS Precautionary Statement(s) - Disposal

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with applicable local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

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#### **Potential Health Effects**

Eye: Corrosive. Contact may cause severe irritation, eye burns, and permanent eye damage.

Skin: Corrosive. Contact may cause severe irritation, skin burns, and permanent skin damage.

**Inhalation (Breathing)** Corrosive. Harmful if inhaled. May cause severe irritation and burns of the nose, throat, and respiratory tract.

**Ingestion (Swallowing)** Corrosive. Harmful or fatal if swallowed. May cause severe irritation and burns of the mouth, throat and digestive tract.

**Signs and Symptoms:** Effects of overexposure may include severe irritation and burns of the mouth, nose, throat, respiratory and digestive tract. Symptoms of overexposure may include ulceration of the nose and throat, coughing, salivation, headache, fatigue, dizziness, nausea, shock, and pulmonary edema (accumulation of fluid around the lungs). May lead to coma or death. Onset of symptoms may be delayed.

**Other Comments:** Prolonged or repeated overexposure to fluoride compounds may cause fluorosis. Fluorosis is characterized by skeletal changes, consisting of osteosclerosis (hardening or abnormal density of bone) and osteomalacia (softening of bones) and by mottled discoloration of the enamel of teeth (if exposure occurs during enamel formation). Symptoms may include bone and joint pain and limited range of motion. Conditions aggravated by exposure may include skin and respiratory (asthmalike) disorders.

#### **Pre-Existing Medical Conditions:**

Conditions aggravated by exposure may include skin and respiratory (asthma-like) disorders.

**ECOLOGICAL HAZARDS:** Keep out of water supplies and sewers. This material is alkaline and may raise the pH of

surface waters. This material has exhibited moderate toxicity to aquatic organisms.

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:** Avoid breathing vapors or mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Keep container tightly closed. Wash thoroughly after handling/ Use only with adequate ventilation.

## 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name:	CAS Number	% By Weight
Hydrofluorosilic Acid	16961-83-4	20-30

Unless listed immediately above, the product contains no hazardous ingredients as listed on the Massachusetts Hazardous Substance List or under §1910.1200 of Title 29 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

### 4. First Aid Measures

Eyes	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and
-	lower eyelids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Washing eyes within several seconds is
	essential to achieve maximum effectiveness. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin	Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing any contaminated
	clothing and shoes. Discard contaminated clothing in a manner which limits further exposure, making sure
	to wash before reuse. Contact a physician immediately if irritation persists.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2-4 cups of water. Never give anything by
	mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.



Inhalation

Remove from exposure and move to fresh air immediately and keep comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Call a doctor or poison control center if symptoms persist. If breathing has ceased apply artificial respiration using oxygen and a suitable mechanical device such as a bag and a mask. Call a doctor or poison control immediately.

**Notes to Physician:** Treat symptomatically and supportively. Consult a doctor and/or the nearest Poison Control Centre for all exposures.

### 5. Fire Fighting Measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media:

Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish flames.

#### **Special Remarks On Fire Hazards:**

Non combustible. Calcium carbide reacts with hydrogen chloride gas with incandescence. Uranium phosphide reacts with hydrochloric acid to release spontaneously flammable phosphine. Rubidium acetylene carbides burns with slightly warm hydrochloric acid. Lithium silicide in contact with hydrogen chloride becomes incandescent. When dilute hydrochloric acid is used, gas spontaneously flammable in air is evolved. Magnesium boride treated with concentrated hydrochloric acid produces spontaneously flammble gas. Cesium acetylene carbide burns hydrogen chloride gas. Cesium carbide ignites in contact with hydrochloric acid unless acid is dilute. Reacts with most metals to produce flammable Hydrodgen gas.

#### **Special Remarks On Explosion Hazards:**

Hydrogen chloride in contact with the following can cause an explosion, ignition on contact, or other violent/vigorous reaction: Acetic anhydride AgCIO + CCl4 Alcohols + hydrogen cyanide, Aluminum Aluminum-titanium alloys (with HCl vapor), 2-Amino ethanol, Ammonium hydroxide, Calcium carbide Ca3P2 Chlorine + dinitroanilines (evolves gas), Chlorosulfonic acid Cesium carbide Cesium acetylene carbide, 1,1-Difluoroethylene Ethylene diamine Ethylene imine, Fluorine, HClO4 Hexalithium disilicide H2SO4 Metal acetylides or carbides, Magnesium boride, Mercuric sulfate, Oleum, Potassium permanganate, beta-Propiolactone Propylene oxide Rubidium carbide, Rubidium, acetylene carbide Sodium (with aqueous HCl), Sodium hydroxide Sodium tetraselenium, Sulfonic acid, Tetraselenium tetranitride, U3P4, Vinyl acetate. Silver perchlorate with carbon tetrachloride in the presence of hydrochloric acid produces trichloromethyl perchlorate which detonates at 40 deg. C.

#### 6. Accidental Release Measures

**Protective Measures:** Eliminate all sources of ignition in the vicinity of the spill or released vapor. If this material is released into the work area, evacuate the area immediately. Monitor area with combustible gas indicator. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment when cleaning up spills. Refer to Section 8. Eliminate potential sources of ignition. Handling equipment must be bonded and grounded to prevent sparking.

**Spill Management:** Stop the source of the release if you can do it without risk. Contain release to prevent further contamination of soil, surface water or groundwater. Clean up spill as soon as possible, observing precautions in Exposure Controls/Personal Protection. Use appropriate techniques such as applying non-combustible sorbent materials or pumping. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material. Where feasible and appropriate, remove contaminated soil. Place contaminated materials in disposable containers and dispose of in a manner consistent with applicable regulations.

**Reporting:** U.S.A. regulations may require reporting spills of this material that could reach any surface waters. Report spills to local authorities and/or the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802 as appropriate or required.

### 7. Handling and Storage



**General Storage Information:** Container is not designed to contain pressure. Do not use pressure to empty container or it may rupture with explosive force. Empty containers retain product residue (solid, liquid, and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. Empty containers should be completely drained, properly closed, and promptly returned to a drum reconditioner, or disposed of properly. DO NOT USE OR STORE near heat, sparks or open flames. USE AND STORE ONLY IN WELL VENTILATED AREA. Keep container closed when not in use.

Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials and food and drink. Store between the following temperatures: 45°F - 120°F (7°C - 49°C). Keep out of the reach of children.

### 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Chemical Name:	PEL (OSHA)	TWA (ACGIH)	TLV (ACGIH)
Hydrofluorosilic Acid	2.5 mg / m3 (ceiling)	2.5 mg / m3 (ceiling)	

VENTILATION SYSTEM: A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Please refer to the ACGIH document, Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practices, most recent edition, for details. PERSONAL RESPIRATORS (NIOSH Approved): If exposure is anticipated to be greater than applicable exposure limits, wear a NIOSH approved respirator that provides adequate protection from measured concentrations of this material. Use the following elements for air-purifying respirators: Air-Purifying Respirator for Organic Vapors Use a positive pressure, air-supplying respirator if there is potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection. SKIN PROTECTION: Wear chemical resistant protective clothing, including apron, boots or safety shoes depending on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance handled. The chemical resistance of the protective equipment should be inquired at the equipment supplier.

EYE PROTECTION: Use chemical safety glasses and/or full face shield where splashing is possible. Maintain eye wash fountain and quick drench facilities in work area.

### 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance Green Liquid	
рН	1-2
Volatile (% V.O.C. by volume):	0.00
Flashpoint	>200F
Freezing Point	32F
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg	Not Known
Lower Explosion Limits	Not Determined

Odor	Faint
Specific Gravity	1.06
Solubility In Water	Complete
Melting Point	Not Known
Vapor Density (Air=1):	Not Know
Evaporation Rate (BuAc=1):	Slower Than Water
Upper Explosion Limits	Not Determined

#### 10. Stability & Reactivity

STABILITY: Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Not known.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

INCOMPATIBILITIES: Avoid mixing with other chemicals including metals, oxidizing materials, and acids.



CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Mixing with water, acid, or incompatible materials may cause splattering and release of large amount of heat (under high concentrations).

## 11. Toxicological Information

The severity of the tissue damage is a function of its concentration, the length of tissue contact time, and local tissue conditions. After exposure there may be a time delay before irritation and other effects occur. Inhalation can cause severe irritation, possible burns with pulmonary edema, which may lead to pneumonitis. Skin contact with this material may cause severe irritation of tissue. Repeated exposure may cause dermatitis. Eye contact can cause severe irritation, corrosion with possible corneal damage and blindness. Ingestion may cause irritation, corrosion/ulceration, nausea, and vomiting.

Chemical Name:		Species	Dose
Hydrofluorosilicic Acid	LD50 Oral	Rat	200mg/ kg
Hydrofluorosilicic Acid	LD50 Der,a;	Rabbot	25.5mg/kg

### 12. Ecological Information

Environmental Fate: Not established Environmental Toxicity: Not available

#### 13. Disposal Considerations

Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be managed in an appropriate and approved waste facility. Large amounts should be given to a licensed disposal agency. State and local disposal regulations may differ from federal disposal regulations. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

### 14. Transportation Information

Transportation Hazard Class	Corrosive
Placard Required	CONTROSITE 8

DOT Classifiation (Domestic, Land)	NA 1760, Compounds, Cleaning, Liquid, (Contains Hydrofluorosilic Acid) 8, PGIII
	Emergency Response Guide No: 154

# 15. Regulatory Information

Not Known Not Known.

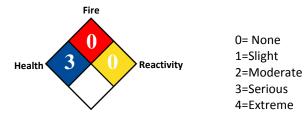
### 16. Regulatory Information

DISCLAIMER:

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See the product label for proper use directions.

#### **HMIS (U.S.A.):**



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OSHA Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 requires that information be provided to employees regarding the hazards of chemicals by means of a hazard communication program including labeling, safety data sheets, training and access to written records. We request that you, and it is your legal duty to, make all information in this Safety Data Sheet available to your employees and customers.

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